RICHMOND, VA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1912.

EQUAL SUFFRAGE BADLY DEFEATED

House Votes Down Amendments to Constitution by 12 to 85.

SESSION OF 1912 NOW HALF OVER

No More Bills Accepted After Next Thursday-Bill to Abolish Teachers' Pensions Reported Adversely-Lime-Grinding Measure Hotly Fought in Committees.

Vote Recorded on Equal Suffrage

Ayes—Burt, Chnikley, Christian, Coleman, of Norfolk, Creamer, Svans, Montague, Radford, Robert, Con, Watton, Watts and Speaker

t voting—Bargamin, Flanegen Parker,

Byrd Votes "Aye."
naker Byrd's vote for equal sufiwas not unexpected, as his name
been associated with the movethough not prominently, for
time. It was suggested that
there been doubt of the defeat of
resolution, some of those who
"aye" would have been counted
cently, but the presumption, of
te, is that each member voted his
citions.

priation as confiscation of their business and property. The farmers are making an insistent fight, and show no d'sposition to weaken. A proposition that the State might

the report of the special committee ap

n to the privileges and responsibiliae of the elective franchise. Those who have pushed the proti in the Legislature were not at disappointed—in fact, they were asked with the showing made. It is pointed out by John W. Chalkley, Wise, in one of the most attractive seches heard in many a day in the use, that usually such attempts fail committee at their first trial, but it in Virginia the women had sueded in getting a hearing on the or, ite predicted that the attempt unid be renewed until successful cidentally, he made an exceedingly ver take-off of members who now pose the proposition, picturing their osyncrasies and adopting them to att day when a joint resolution prosing similar amendments shall pass a House.

By ref. Votes "Ave."

Schools and Colleges, which reported it unfavorably.

Discuss Lime Grinding.

In committees, the most exciting topic is the farmers limestone grinding bill, which is being considered on both sides. Two hearings were had yesterday, but no decision was aimed at. The fight has reached a rather bitter stage, the lime manufacturers denouncing the demand for an appropriation as confiscation of their Discuss Lime Grinding, committees, the most exciting of the farmers' limestone grind, which is being considered on ides. Two hearings were had a returned and the result of an attempted assault on this afternoon, a large mob is die fight has reached a rather stage, the lime manufacturers cing the demand for an appropriate and property. The farmers alting and insistent fight, and is a small property. The farmers alting an insistent fight, and is own fire insurance on publics of the special committee apility of the Houst to investific support of the special committee apility of the Houst to investific supports. The Houst to investific supports of the special committee apility of the Houst to investific supports. The Houst to investific supports the Houst to investific supports the Houst to investific supports. The Houst to investific supports the Houst to investification that the Houst to investification that the Houst to investification that the Houst to inves

carry its own fire insurance on pub-lic property was made yesterday in

(Continued on Third Page.)

CONFERENCE CLOSES

Richmond, and Rev. J. F. Preston, of Kwangju, Korta, were the principal speakers.

This morning's general session of the Laymen's Missionary Convention was devoted to life and leadership, with addresses covering the various phases of this theme.

A special meeting of students, the first sectional session of the convention, was held at the First Presbyterian Church previous to the regular session. The special meeting for students, which was largely attended by the younger element of delegates, was addressed by T. Dwight Sloan, M. D., of Johns Hopkins University, and Robert E. Speers, of New York.

The general theme of the afternoon session was "The Financial Plan and the Local Church." Among the speakers were Dr. William J. Martin, Davidson, N. C. Rev. Neal L. Anderson, D. D., Winston-Salem, N. C., Rev. Melton Clark, Greensboro, N. C., and Rev. Dunbar H. Ogden, Atlanta, Ga.

With their business completed to morrow will be spent by the delegates in visiting the historic points in and about Chattanooga.

EXCITEMENT IN COURT

burg, and B. A. Banks, of Norfolk, spoke in opposition to equal suffrage, burg, and the proposition to equal suffrage, burg, and the proposition of proposition to equal suffrage, burg, and the proposition of the control of the cont

MOB SEEKING NEGRO

Likely to Be Lynching if He is Over-

which they are as interested as Mr. Jordan is in his.

Condition of Calendar.

There are thirty-three House bills on the calendar on their third reading, awaiting passage, all of them uncontested or local save one or perhaps two.

t, including some of the most important matters with which the General Assembly is compelled to deal at this session.

May Pass House.

It has at all times been the impression that the majority of members in the House favor the enabling act or clse are pledged to vote for it. This may been taken for granted, although neither side paid a great deal of attention to this branch in the nominations and elections of last year. The Senate was made the battleground, and it was there that the Antisaloon League and the opposition concentrated the efforts. It has been generally understood that the league lost in the Septembr primaries on this issue.

At the last session the order of things was reversed. Then the bill was introduced first in the Senate, rollowed by a companion bill in the House. The Senate defeated the Strode bill by a majority of two to one. Eff-ris wert made to get the Myers bill, in the House, up out of its order, but on two occasions this was defeated. Once there was a tie vote, and on the other occasion a small majority favored taking it up, but not near the necessary two-thirds could be mustered.

During the arrespot assistion nearly in the responsibility in the House, up, but to near the necessary two-thirds could be mustered.

During the arresponse of the most import tant matters with which the General to the fine in the flow with the flines. Indent. The next day, she testified, between the subject to the string the brief did not titie firt, don't show my telegrams to be etcite Bailey remarked to her: "Littie firt, don't show my telegrams to be cettive Bailey remarked to her: "Littie firt, don't show my telegrams to be the till girt, don't show my telegrams to be testined that in prove on the firm of the firm of the firm of the firm and whith Hilling in the lessing to be the telegram. At first she did not till of that she did.

"He asked me if Mr. Hines had sought that fill she in the firm and when the legram. Later she testined that she did.

"He asked me if Mr. Hines had sought the firm as whe di

This means inevitably one of the hottest fights of the session, perhaps the most intense. Opponents of the measure say there is no chance of the necessary two-thirds, although Mr. Jördan said last night that he hoped to

CAN'T GET TOGETHER

Conferees in Direct Elections Bill Will

Taft Tells Virginians

WILL OPEN HEADQUARTERS Taft Campaign Getting Down to Bust-

on National Committeeman Led

ALL PREDICT DISASTER

Believe Tariff Reduction Would Rule

Washington, February 5. — Testifying before the Senie Planar Committee

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Testifying market if the reduce

to Take It Up Out of the Story of t ut here to-day that the conference

Hines was not the only one who could be insulted in the hearing. Attorney Healy sprang to his feet

New York, February S.—Mrs. Hetty Green, known as the richest woman in the world, "attempted to extort money" from William Randolph Hearst, according to C. M. liovee, attorney for the editor, who obtained an order in court directing Mrs. Green to appear and show cause to-day why she should not be compelled to accept \$275,000, with interest up till last Monday, in payment of a mortgage she held on Hearst properties. Mrs. Green. Hovee stated, refused to cancel the mortgage until paid \$1,455 additional interest, which, he said, "the richest woman" claimed when Mr. Henrst's representatives called on her last Monday.

To-day Bovee withdrew the order, saying that Mrs. Green had "capitulated" and turned over the mortgage for the amount named by Mr. Hearst, Mrs. Green la quoted as anying: "The charge that I tried to extort

Mr. Hearst, Ars. Green in quoten as anying:

"The charge that I tried to extort money is absurd. I simply asked Mr. Hearst's representatives to wait till the return of my son, who was handling the business, and when they refused, I added thirty days' interest, to which I believed I was entitled under the law."

HE WILL NOT FLINCH

Gompers Will Accept His Jail Sentence, If Necessary.

Washington, February 8.—"The speeches I made during 1903 were in support of the candidate and the party which promised the labor movement relief from the system of Federal in Junctions which had grown up. They voiced my political beliefs. I made of the exercise of that right, I must go to jail, and I would feel the loss of my liberty keenly, I will face the jail sentence and will not flinch."

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, made that statement to-day in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, where he is on trial for contempt. He admitted that he made speeches in Indianapolis and Baittmore which attorneys who are prosecuting him insist wers contempt of court.

A Indianapolis he was reported to have said:

"I am enjoined from discussing this Government Does No. 2.

I may go to jail for discussing it. But I shall discuss it. If I do not I shall explode."

President Gompers was excused from the witness stand to permit John Mitchell stated under oath that he had not signed editorials and circulars from the American Federationist in the boycott case from which his sentence for contempt developed, but he did not disclaim corresponsibility for them. He was asked about his speeches at Toronto and Indianacolis, in which he scored the injunction issued by Justice Gould and the contempt sentences imposed by Justice Wright.

Mr. Mitchell poked intently into the face of Justice Wright as he began. He spoke feelingly. "When I was sentenced to nine months in prison." he said. "I falt it keenly. It was under peculiarly trying circumstances that I discussed it afterward. I felt then, and feel now, that this court had no right, and should not have the right to sentence men to prison for contempt.
"It was for the rights of the American workingmen that I spoke. I wanted to arouse my fellow-workmen to the crisis which is developing in this country because of the abuse of

ALL PAPERS PREPARED

KEYNOTE FROM CLEVELAND

Government Does Not Contemplate Intervention, but Will Safeguard American Interests on Border-Troops Permitted to Pass Over United States Soil.

Washington, February 8 .- Interven-

ising was recorded, but small uperal dissatisfaction, led to an apprehension that the malcontents may unite, confronting the

Anticipating possible orders from

President, but, although the gathering gave the Mayor an enthusiastic reception, there was no formal expression as to the presidential matter. Mayor Gaynor has often repeated that he is not a candidate.

Sonator Culberson spoke of the protective tariff as the root of present political discontent, and charged the Republican party with usurpation and prostitution of representatives government. The people's rights will not be vindicated nor their battless out of the alliance between the protected interests and the administration of public affairs by the Republican party. he said.

Mayor Gaynor spoke particularly of the tariff and high prices.

FOR MILADY'S HAT

Sonatal Section.

South. Today Mr. Hilles took up the situation in Alabama with Republican National Committeeman Barker and State Chairman Long. It was understood that they were instructed to lay aside any factional differences they may have had. Coming on the heels of Mr. Taft's talk with Virginia and West Virginia leaders, to-day's developments were taken to indicate the intention of the President and his friends to "tie up" all the Southern delegations possible. Mr. Hilles to-inghit declined to say whether more Southern party leaders would be surmoned to the White House in the near future.

Harmony in Fibrida.

Jacksonville, Fla., February \$,—4 the covered from the Turkish towelered stripes, tassels and all and wound turbanded to the White House in the near future.

Harmony in Fibrida.

Jacksonville, Fla., February \$,—4 thenry \$, Chubb, chairmen of the Republican State Central Committee, has made a statement in regard to the reported split at the State convention in Palatka, as follows:

"There were absolutely less than six delegates who left the hall, out of a total number covasiltuting the convention during its session, caused by any dissatisfaction with its deliberations. The convention was practically unanimous on all questions. Leading cutterns of Palatka and visitors to the contenting delegates from Hillsboro and Escambia countles were not legally siected and therefore not seated. These delegates were the onl., disgruinted ones, There was no split or boil of any kind."

This statement is corroborated by (Continued on Second Page.)

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